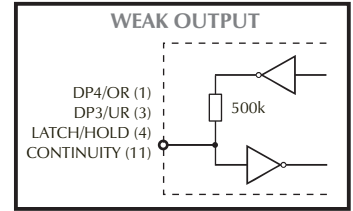


PIN FUNCTIONS

COMBINED INPUT/OUTPUT

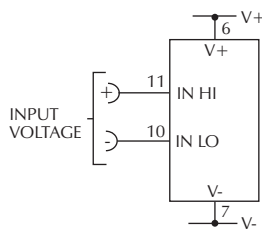
Four pin connections have dual functions as both inputs and 'weak' outputs. In order to obtain data from a weak output, it should be connected to a high impedance input. Alternatively, to use as an input, it may be easily over driven. Should it be necessary to monitor the Under range/Over range signals and simultaneously display either of the two decimal points, DP3 and DP4, then outputs should be sensed for the duration of the LATCH (5) output and otherwise over driven as inputs.

1. -5V Negative rail generator circuit output voltage (DPM300S only). It mirrors the positive supply voltage V+. For DPM 300 -5V is connected to V-.
2. VDISP Drive voltage for triplexed LCD, set by R9.
3. DP4/OR Input: Connect to V+ to display DP 1.9999 otherwise connect to DGND.
Output: Driven HIGH (V+) if reading exceeds ±19999.
4. DP3/UR Input: Connect to V+ to display DP 19.999 otherwise connect to DGND.
Output: Driven HIGH (V+) if reading less than ±1000.
5. HOLD/LATCH Input: Connect to V+ to hold last displayed reading, otherwise leave floating.
Output: A negative going pulse (duration 100 clock cycles) occurs when data in display latches is updated.
6. V+ Positive power supply input.
7. V- Negative power supply input. } Note: Absolute maximum differential power supply voltage V+ to V- (DPM 300 = 5V, DPM300S = 7.5V)
8. CONT Input: Connect to DGND to disable continuity symbol on display.
Output: If differential analogue input voltage between IN HI and IN LO is less than a nominal +200mV, output will be driven HIGH (V+). Otherwise it will remain LOW (DGND).
9. COM This is the ground for the analogue section of the A/D converter and is held actively at a nominal 3.2V below V+. User may pull this pin down to a lower voltage than its quiescent level but care should be taken NOT to exceed the absolute maximum sink current of 2mA.
10. IN LO Negative differential measuring input. } Inputs must be lower than V+, and higher than 1.5V above V-.
11. IN HI Positive differential measuring input. } (1.5V above -5V (Pin 1) for DPM 300S)
12. REF HI Positive input for reference voltage, connected by Link 1 to REF+.
13. REF LO Negative input for reference voltage, connected by Link 4 to REF-.
14. DGND This is the ground for the digital section of the module, held actively at approximately 4.5V to 5.8V below V+. It may be used as a convenient reference level to power external CMOS circuitry subject to a maximum load of 1mA.
15. RANGE Connect to V+ to select range of 2V FSR, otherwise connect to DGND or leave floating to select default range of 200mV FSR.
16. DP2 199.99 } Note: Take to V+ to display required DP. If not required may be left
17. DP1 1999.9 } floating (internal 3µA pull down).
18. REF- Negative input of bandgap reference circuit. MUST be tied to a suitable ground return to bias bandgap (normally COM). REF- is connected by Link 4 to REF LO.
19. REF+ Positive output from bandgap circuit (normally 1V) connected by Link 1 to REF HI.
20. REF BG Output voltage developed across bandgap (1.22V nom).
21. CONT Three LCD annunciators are respectively driven from continuity, low battery and polarity sections of the circuitry.
23. ANDR Annunciator driver. Connect to required annunciator(s) to display.

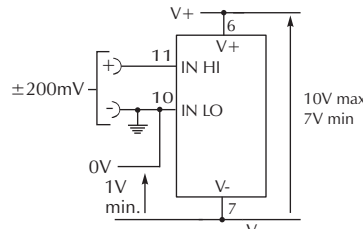


VARIOUS OPERATING MODES

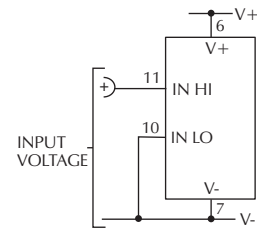
ON-BOARD LINKS: In order to quickly and easily change operating modes for different applications the meter has several on-board links. They are designed to be easily opened (cut) or shorted (soldered). Do not connect more than one meter to the same power supply if the meters cannot use the same signal ground. Taking any input beyond the power supply rails will damage the meter.



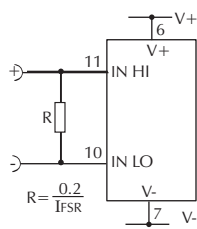
Check Links 1, 2, 3 & 4 are SHORTED
 Measuring a floating voltage source of 200mV full scale.



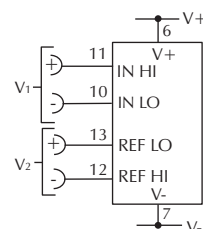
Check Links 1, 3 & 4 are SHORTED.
 Split supply operation (DPM 300).



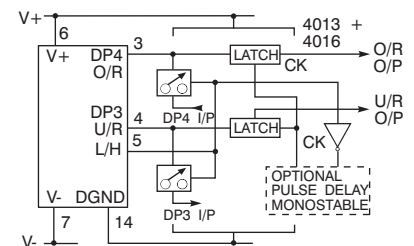
Check Links 1, 3 & 4 are SHORTED.
 Measuring a single ended input referenced to supply (DPM 300S).



Check Links 1, 2, 3 & 4 are SHORTED
 Measuring current.
 Supply MUST be isolated.



Check Links 1 & 4 are OPEN.
 Measuring the ratio of two voltages.
 200mV F.S.R. reading = 10⁵ V₁/V₂
 2V F.S.R. reading = 10⁴ V₁/V₂.



Driving DP2 and DP3 inputs while monitoring Under range and Over range outputs.